# SCHEDULE OF PRESENT FEDERAL EXCISE TAXES (AS OF JANUARY 1, 1992)

PREPARED BY THE STAFF

OF THE

# JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION



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#### INTRODUCTION

This pamphlet,1 prepared by the staff of the Joint Committee on Taxation, provides a listing of present Federal excise taxes and tax rates as of January 1, 1992.2 The pamphlet also provides data on Federal excise tax receipts for fiscal years 1991-1993, as presented in the Fiscal Year 1993 Budget. This pamphlet is intended to provide summary information on current Federal excise taxes for Members of the House Committee on Ways and Means, Members of the Senate Committee on Finance, and other Members of Con-

Part I lists the Federal excise tax rate changes included in 1991 legislation. The listing of the various current Federal excise taxes (Part II) is organized into 16 categories, including a category of "miscellaneous" excises. The listing includes information as to whether revenues from the particular excise taxes go into a Trust Fund (or other special fund), any scheduled expiration dates or changes in tax rates, and the pertinent sections of the Internal Revenue Code.<sup>3</sup> Part III of the pamphlet presents data on Federal excise tax receipts for fiscal years 1991-1993, as included in the Fiscal Year 1993 Budget and from the Treasury Department. An Appendix contains tables showing: (1) the excise tax rates on feedstock chemicals (sec. 4661); and (2) the list of taxable substances subject to the excise tax on certain imported (chemical) substances (sec. 4671).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This pamphlet may be cited as follows: Joint Committee on Taxation, Schedule of Present

Federal Excise Taxes (as of January 1, 1992) (JCS-7-92) March 27, 1992.

See also, prior Joint Committee staff pamphlet, Schedule of Present Federal Excise Taxes (As of January 1, 1991) JCS-3-91) March 4, 1991.

Code sections in the 9500's refer to the Trust Fund Code provisions. The other Code sections

listed refer to the applicable excise tax provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

# I. FEDERAL EXCISE TAX CHANGES IN 1991 LEGISLATION

The following Federal highway and motorboat-related excise tax changes were included in 1991 legislation.  $^4$ 

Item	Excise Tax Change
Extensions of tax rates	Company of the English of the Angle of
1. Gasoline (sec. 4081)	. Extended trust fund tax rate of
1. Gasofffe (sec. 4001)	. Extended trust fund tax rate of
or the second of	11.5 cents per gallon on high-
	way and motorboat fuels for 4
	years, Oct. 1, 1995–Sept. 30, 1999.
2. Diesel fuel (secs. 4041(a)(1),	
4091)	Extended trust fund tax rate of
1001)	17.5 cents per gallon on high-
	way diesel fuel for 4 years, Oct.
and the second s	1, 1995–Sept. 30, 1999. <sup>5</sup>
3. Special motor fuels (sec.	1, 1999-Sept. 50, 1999.
4041(a)(2))	. Extended trust fund tax rate of
10 11(a)(1)/	11.5 cents per gallon on high-
	way and motorboat fuels for 4
and the state of t	years, Oct. 1, 1995-Sept. 30,
and the second of the second o	1999.
4. Methanol and ethanol	2000.
fuels (secs. 4041(b)(2),	and the second s
4041(m)); gasohol (sec.	
4081(c)); diesohol (secs.	
4041(k)(1), 4091(c))	. Extended the current rates (ex-
	emption levels) for 4 years, Oct.
	1, 1995-Sept. 30, 1999.
5. Trucks and trailers (sec.	•
4051)	Extended the current 12-percent
	retail tax for 4 years, Oct. 1,
	1995-Sept. 30, 1999.
6. Tires for highway vehi-	<u>-</u>
cles (sec. 4071)	. Extended the current tax rates on
	heavy highway tires for 4 years,
	Oct. 1, 1995–Sept. 30, 1999.
7. Use tax on heavy high-	<del>-</del> ·
way vehicles (sec. 4481)	
	heavy highway vehicles for 4
	years, Oct. 1, 1995-Sept. 30,
	1999.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Title VIII of the "Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991" (P.L. 102-240). Title VIII is cited as the "Surface Transportation Revenue Act of 1991" ("1991 Act").

<sup>5</sup> A net Highway Trust Fund tax of 3 cents per gallon continues to apply to certain privately operated, scheduled intercity buses (sec. 6427(b)).

#### Transfers of certain recreational fuel tax revenues.....

8003) 1991 (sec. The Act established a new Trust Fund ("National Recreational Trails Trust Fund," new Code sec. 9511), financed by transfers from the Highway Trust Fund of monies attributable generally to the amount of revenues received in the Highway Trust Fund from "nonhighway recreational fuel taxes" through September 30, 1997. (For the first year, the transfer from the Highway Trust Fund is to be 0.3 percent of the total Highway Trust Fund receipts (less credits and refunds); thereafter, the transfer is to be the estimated equivalent of revenues attributable to the nonhighway recreational fuel taxes.)

Nonhighway recreational fuel taxes are those imposed under sections 4041, 4081, and 4091 on gasoline, diesel and special motor fuels (at the Highway Trust Fund rates) for (1) fuel used in vehicles and equipment on recreational trails or back country terrain (including highway vehicles when used on recreational trails, trail access roads not eligible for Federal highway funding, or back country terrain) and (2) fuel used in camp stoves and other nonengine uses in outdoor recreational equipment. (This does not include fuel taxes on small-engine outdoor power equipment, which are transferred to the Aquatic Resources Trust Fund.)

The purposes for which funds may be expended from the National Recreational Trails Trust Fund are specified in section 1302 of the 1991 Act, and amounts transferred from the Highway Trust Fund are limited to \$30 million per year for fiscal years 1992–1997.

### II. SCHEDULE OF PRESENT FEDERAL EXCISE TAX RATES

#### (AS OF JANUARY 1, 1992)

A. Alcohol Excise Taxes  1. Alcoholic beverage taxes: Distilled spirits (sec.	
1. Alcoholic beverage taxes:	
The state of the s	
DISTRIED SDITTES (Sec	
5001) \$13.50 per proof gallon.	
Wines (sec. 5041):6	
Not more than 14	
percent alcohol \$1 07 per wine gallon	
14 to 21 percent al-	
cohol	
21 to 24 percent al-	
21 to 24 percent al- cohol 7	
Artificially carbon-	
ated wines	
Champagne and	
The state of the state of the sparkling	
wines	
Beer (sec. 5051)	ner-
ally. <sup>8</sup> 2. Alcohol occupational taxes: <sup>9</sup>	
Producers:	
Distilled animits and	
Distilled spirits and	م 10
wines (sec. 5081) \$1,000 per year per premis Brewers (sec. 5091) \$1,000 per year per premis	e
Wholesale dealers (sec.	e
5111):	
Liquors, wines, or	
Liquors, wines, or beer \$500 per year.	
Retail dealers (sec	
<b>5121):</b>	
Liquors, wines, or	
beer \$250 per year.	
5121): Liquors, wines, or beer	
spirits (sec.	
5131) \$500 per year.	
Industrial use of dis-	
tilled spirits (sec.	
5276) \$250 per year.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Small domestic wineries (those having aggregate annual production not exceeding 250,000 gallons) are entitled to a tax credit equal to 90 cents per gallon (the amount of the wine gallon tax increase enacted in the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990) on the first 100,000 gallons of wine (other than champagne and other sparkling wines) removed in a calendar year. The credit is reduced by 1 percent for each 1,000 gallons purchased in excess of 150,000 gallons.

<sup>7</sup> Wines containing more than 24 percent alcohol are taxed as distilled spirits.

<sup>8</sup> \$7 per barrel on the first 60,000 barrels removed each year by small domestic brewers who produce less than 2,000,000 barrels of beer during the calendar year.

<sup>9</sup> July 1–June 30 is the taxable year for these occupational taxes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> July 1-June 30 is the taxable year for these occupational taxes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Tax is \$500 per year per premise for businesses with gross receipts of less than \$500,000 in the preceding taxable year.

	Tax rates		
Tax (and Code section)	Jan. 1, 1992	Jan. 1, 1993	
B. Tobacco Excise Taxes			
1. Cigars (sec. 5701(a)):		•	
Small cigars (weighing no more than 3 pounds per thousand)	93.75 cents per	\$1.125 per	
	thousand.	thousand.	
Large cigars (weighing more than 3 pounds			
per thousand)	10.625 percent of	12.75 percent of	
The control of the co	manufac- turer's price (but not	manufac- turer's price (but not	
	more than \$25 per thousand).	more than \$30 per thousand).	
2. Cigarettes (sec. 5701(b)):		erija kan produktion produktion in de service en de se Service de service en de s	
Small cigarettes (weighing no more than 3 pounds per thousand)		per pack of	
Large cigarettes (weighing more than 3 pounds per thou-	The second secon	man from the Common that the common the common that the common	
sand)11	\$21 per thousand.	\$25.20 per thousand.	

 $<sup>^{11}</sup>$  Large cigarettes (measuring more than  $6\,\%$  inches in length) are taxed at the rate prescribed for small cigarettes, counting each 2% inches (or fraction thereof) as one cigarette.

	Tax rates		
Tax (and Code section)	Jan. 1, 1992	Jan. 1, 1993	
3. Cigarette papers and tubes:		nasii waasaali da a. waasain d	
Cigarette paper (sec. 5701(c)) <sup>12</sup>	0.625 cent per 50 papers.	0.75 cent per 50 papers.	
Cigarette tubes (sec. 5701(d)) <sup>13</sup>	1.25 cents per 50 tubes.	1.5 cents per 50 tubes.	
4. Snuff, chewing tobacco, pipe		Jr. 11. 14	
Snuff (sec. 5701(e)(1))	30 cents per pound.	36 cents per pound.	
Chewing tobacco (sec. 5701(e)(2))	10 cents per pound.	12 cents per pound. 67.5 cents per pound.	
5. Tobacco occupational tax:	pouriu.	pound.	
Manufacturers or exporters of taxable to-bacco products (sec. 5731)	\$1,000 per year	Same.	
	per premise 14		

<sup>12</sup> Cigarette papers measuring more than 6½ inches in length are taxed at the rate prescribed, counting each 2¾ inches (or fraction thereof) as one cigarette paper. Tax does not apply to a book or set of cigarette papers containing 25 or fewer papers.

13 Cigarette tubes measuring more than 6½ inches in length are taxed at the rate prescribed, counting each 2¾ inches (or fraction thereof) as one cigarette tube.

14 Tax is \$500 per year per premise for businesses with gross receipts of less than \$500,000 in the preceding taxable year.

The Agree of god white in all provides the Add

cents per gallon exemption).

```
C. Highway and Rail Excise Taxes (sec. 9503) 15
                     (high-
       Motor
               fuels
     way): * 16 17
      Gasoline (sec. 4081)...... 14 cents per gallon.
      Diesel
               fuel
                      (secs.
        4041(a)(1), 4091)...... 20 cents per gallon generally. 18
                      fuels
       Special
               motor
              alcohol fuels
        (incl.
        from petroleum) (sec.
        4041(a)(2))...... 14 cents per gallon.
       Methanol and ethanol
        fuels: 19
          Methanol
                      fuels
            from other than
            petroleum or nat-
                 gas
                       (sec.
            ural
            per gallon exemption).
          Ethanol fuels from
            other than petro-
            leum or natural
                       (sec.
```

\* See also E.2., "Taxes for Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund," for additional tax of 0.1 cent per gallon (0.05 cent per gallon for methanol and ethanol fuels) on motor fuels (through 1995).

15 The highway excise taxes and exemptions are scheduled to expire after September 30, 1999: The rates shown apply through September 30, 1995; for October 1, 1995–September 30, 1999, the current 2.5 cents per gallon General Fund motor fuels tax rate is scheduled to expire and thus the listed tax rates will be reduced by 2.5 cents per gallon. Sec. 9503 refers to the Highway Trust Fund.

<sup>16</sup> Revenues equivalent to 2.5 cents per gallon of the taxes on highway motor fuels are retained in the General Fund through September 30, 1995 (after which, this General Fund tax is scheduled to expire); the balance of the highway motor fuels tax revenues is transferred to the Highway Trust Fund. (See also J.2., for transfers of motorboat fuels tax revenues.)

<sup>17</sup> The 1990 Act transferred revenues from the tax on gasoline used in smallengine outdoor power equipment to the Sport Fishing Restoration Account of the Aquatic Resources Trust Fund for wetlands restoration purposes. (See J.2., below.) <sup>18</sup> A net Highway Trust Fund tax of 3 cents per gallon (17 cents per gallon refund or

<sup>18</sup> A net Highway Trust Fund tax of 3 cents per gallon (17 cents per gallon refund or credit through September 30, 1995, and 14.5 cents per gallon for October 1, 1995—September 30, 1999) applies to certain privately operated, scheduled intercity buses (sec. 6427(b)).

There is a one-time rebate (credit or refund) to the original purchaser of a qualified diesel-powered car, truck, or van having a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less. The rebate varies with the model year (only available for post-1978 models) and type of vehicle (higher rebate for a truck or van than for a car). The credit applies to such vehicles owned as of January 1, 1985, or originally purchased after January 1, 1985 and before January 1, 1999 (sec. 6427(g)).

19 Alcohol fuels the content of which is at least 85 percent of methanol, ethanol,

or other alcohol.

#### 1. Motor fuels \* (cont.):

Fuels from natural gas (sec. 4041(m)).

gas (sec. 4041(m)) ... 7 cents per gallon (i.e., a 7 cents per gallon exemption).

"Gasohol" (sec. 4081(c)):

From other than ethanol

"Diesohol" (secs. 4041(k)(1), 4091(c)).....

2. Nonhighway recreational fuels taxes for National Recreational Trails Trust Fund (sec. 9511):

Gasoline and special motor fuels (secs. 4081 and 4041(a)(2))\*....

Transfer of 11.5 cents per gallon though Sept. 30, 1997 (14 cents per gallon tax though September 30, 1995).

Diesel fuel (secs. 4041(a)(1), 4091)\*.....

Transfer of 17.5 cents per gallon through Sept. 30, 1997 (20 cents per gallon tax through September 30, 1995).

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<sup>\*</sup> See also E.2., "Taxes for Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund," for additional tax of 0.1 cent per gallon (0.05 cent per gallon for methanol and ethanol fuels) on motor fuels (through 1995).

Trucks (over 33,000 lbs.) and trailers (over 26,000 lbs.) (sec.

4051) 21 ...... 12 percent of retail price.

5. Tires for highway vehicles

40 pounds or less—no tax.
40-70 pounds—15 cents/pound
over 40 pounds.
70-90 pounds—\$4.50, plus 30
cents/pound over 70 pounds.
Over 90 pounds—\$10.50, plus 50
cents/pound over 90 pounds.

6. Use tax on heavy highway vehicles (sec. 4481) 22.......

Under 55,000 pounds—no tax. 55,000-75,000 pounds—\$100 plus \$22 per 1,000 pounds over 55,000.

Over 75,000 pounds—\$550.

\*See also E.2, "Taxes for Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund," for additional tax of 0.1 cent per gallon (0.05 cent per gallon for methanol and ethanol fuels) on motor fuels (through 1995).

<sup>20</sup> This tax is scheduled to expire after September 30, 1995. Revenues from this tax go to the General Fund.

<sup>21</sup> Includes tractors of the kind chiefly used for highway transportation with a

trailer or semitrailer.

local transit buses.

<sup>22</sup> Annual tax: the taxable period is July 1-June 30. Tax liability is incurred as of the first month the vehicle is used during the taxable period (prorated). The use tax is reduced by 25 percent for vehicles (1) used exclusively in transporting harvested forest products to and from the forested site and which are required to be registered for that purpose, or (2) registered in Canada or Mexico. There is an exemption for vehicles used fewer than 5,000 miles on public highways during the taxable period (7,500 miles for farm vehicles), and for certain

Tax	(and	Code	section)
Lax	umu	Code	section)

#### Tax rates

D. Airport and Airway Excise Taxes (sec. 9502) 23  1. Air passenger ticket tax		
(sec. 4261)	10 percent of amount paid.	
2. International departure tax (sec. 4261(c))	\$6 per person.	
3. Domestic air cargo tax (sec. 4271)	6.25 percent of amount paid.	
4. Fuels taxes for noncom- mercial aviation:* Gasoline (secs. 4081 and		
4041(c)) Nongasoline (jet) (secs.		
4041(c) and 4091) Nongasoline in alcohol mixture made from	17.5 cents per gallon.	
ethanol (sec. 4091(d)) Nongasoline in alcohol mixture not made	4.56 cents per gallon.	
from ethanol (sec. 4091(e))	3.89 cents per gallon.	

\*See also E.2., "Taxes for Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund," for additional tax of 0.1 cent per gallon on motor fuels (through 1995).

23 The airport and airway taxes are scheduled to expire after December 31, 1995. Under the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 (H. Rept. 101-964), the conference agreement provided that the revenues from the increase in aviation excise tax rates would go into the General Fund through 1992, and to the Airport and Airway Trust Fund for 1993-1995. However, due to a statutory drafting omission, only the increase in the noncommercial aviation fuels taxes actually now goes to the General Fund. A technical correction is needed to have the increased revenues from the air passenger and air cargo taxes (from 8% to 10% for the air passenger ticket tax and from 5% to 6.25% for the air cargo tax) go into the General Fund before 1993. (H.R. 1555, as passed by the House of Representatives on November 26, 1991, contains such a correction.) Sec. 9502 refers to the Trust Fund statute.

E. Environmental Excise Taxes

1. Excise taxes for Hazardous Substance Superfund (sec. 9507): 24

Crude oil tax (sec. 4611)... 9.7 cents per barrel for domestic crude oil and imported petroleum products.

Tax on feedstock chemi-

cals (sec. 4661)...... Tax ranges from \$0.22 to \$4.87 per ton generally. (See Table 1 in the Appendix for specific tax rates for chemicals.)

Tax on certain imported substances 4671) 25.....

Generally taxed at the rates applicable to taxable chemicals under sec. 4661 used as materials in the manufacture of the imported substance. If importer does not furnish adequate information to Treasury to determine tax rate, the rate is 5 percent of the value of such imported substance on which a tax is imposed under sec. 4611 or sec. 4661. (See Table 2 in the Appendix for list of taxable substances.)

<sup>24</sup> The Superfund also receives revenues from the environmental tax on corporations (sec. 59A), equal to 0.12 percent of the modified alternative minimum taxable income of the corporation in excess of \$2,000,000. This tax applies generally to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, and before January 1, 1996 (with an earlier termination as determined below when the Superfund reaches certain levels of unobligated balance or total tax receipts).

The Superfund excise taxes are scheduled to expire after December 31, 1995, or earlier if (1) the Superfund unobligated balance exceeds \$3,500 million at the end of 1993 or 1994, and if the unobligated balance is estimated to exceed this amount at the end of the following year if no Superfund taxes were to be imposed during such year, or (2) when total Superfund tax revenues exceed \$11,970 million (including the sec. 59A tax revenues).

25 The excise tax on certain imported substances has the same expiration

schedule as for the other Superfund taxes. The Secretary of the Treasury is required to add any substance to the list if the Secretary determines that taxable chemicals constitute more than 50 percent of the weight or value of the materials used to produce such substance (determined on the basis of the predominant method of production); the Secretary may remove only those substances which meet neither test.

### 2. Taxes for Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund (sec. 9508): 26

Gasoline (sec.

awa nasan naka pang pangangan

income out attenuable being

 $4081(a)(2)(B)(ii))\dots 0.1$  cent per gallon (including aviation use).

Other motor fuels (secs.

 $4041(\mbox{d})$  and 4091)..... 0.1 cent per gallon (including fuels used in motor vehicles, Miller records sections with the motorboats, trains, or aviation, but excluding liquid petroleum gas).

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Methanol and ethanol fuels (sec.  $4041(b)(3)^{27}$ .. 0.05 cent per gallon.

Fuels used in inland waterways (sec. 4042)...... 0.1 cent per gallon.

# 3. Tax for Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund (sec. 9509):

Crude oil (sec. 4611(c) (2)(B) and sec. 4611(f))... 5 cents per barrel. 28

<sup>26</sup> These taxes are scheduled to expire after December 31, 1995. (See also C.1., 2. and 3., for highway and rail taxes on motor fuels; D.4., for airport and airway taxes on noncommercial aviation fuel; I., for tax on fuels used on inland waterways; and J., for tax on motorboat fuels.)

27 Alcohol fuels the content of which is at least 85 percent methanol, ethanol, or other alcohol.

<sup>28</sup> This tax is effective for the period, January 1, 1990-December 31, 1994. However, if the unobligated balance of the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund exceeds \$1 billion at the end of a quarter, the tax rate will be zero (not apply) for the following quarter(s). If the unobligated balance of the Trust Fund subsequently is less than \$1 billion, the tax rate will be reimposed at 5 cents per barrel beginning the quarter commencing 90 days after the date of the close of the quarter for which the calculation was made. ni, sharazzarin berin in haringe

# 4. Tax on ozone-depleting chemicals (sec. 4681):

uku) Megantga Malumatan		Year	Base tax rate (per pound)
produ and t "ozon	k is determined as the act of a base tax rate he specific chemical's <sup>29</sup> he depleting factor."	Initially listed chemicals 1992 <sup>30</sup> 1993 1994 <sup>31</sup> Newly listed	\$1.67 \$2.65 \$2.65
tax r "initi and d listed listed in th	are two schedules of base rates: one applicable to ially listed chemicals" one applicable to "newly chemicals". (Newly chemicals were added to 1990 Act, effective on ary 1, 1991).	chemicals 1992 1993 1994 1995 32	\$1.37 \$1.67 \$3.00 \$3.10
		Chemical	Ozone depleting factor
		Initially listed chemicals CFC-11	1.0
		CFC-12 CFC-113	1.0 0.8
		CFC-114	
	en en general en	CFC-115 Halon-1211 Halon-1301	3.0 10.0
	and the first conservation of the first section of the section of the section of the section of the section of	Halon-2402	6.0

<sup>28</sup> Recycled ozone-depleting chemicals and certain exported chemicals are exempt

The base rate for "initially listed chemicals" increased from \$1.37 per pound to \$1.67 per pound on January 1, 1992.

31 For years after 1994, the base tax rate is increased by \$.45 per pound per

year.  $^{32}$  For years after 1995, the base tax rate is increased by \$.45 per pound per year.

# Tax (and Code section)

Tax rates

# 4. Tax on ozone-depleting chemicals (cont.):

Chemical	Ozone depleting factor
Newly listed	lactor
chemicals	
Carbon	
tetracing-	
ride	1.1
MEHIVI	
chloroform	0.1
CFC-13	a. 1.0
CFC-111	1.0
CFC-112	1.0
CFC-211	1.0
CFC-212	1.0
CFC-213	1.0
CFC-214	1.0
CFC-215	1.0
CFC-216	1.0
CFC-217	
OF 0-217	1.0

	Chemical	Applicable percentage—	
Reduced rate of tax		1992	1993
For certain chemicals, the tax for 1991-1993 is the product of	Halon-1211 Halon-1301	$\begin{array}{c} 5.0 \\ 1.5 \end{array}$	$\frac{3.3}{1.0}$
the base tax rate times the ozone depleting factor times the "applicable percentage." 33.	Halon-2402 Chemicals used in	2.5	1.6
	rigid foam	15.0	10.0

# F. Communications (Telephone) Excise Tax

Local and toll (long-distance) telephone and teletype-writer services (sec. 4251).... 3 percent of amount paid.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 33}\,{\rm For}$  1994 and thereafter, the reduced rates no longer apply (i.e., the regular rates apply).

#### G. Gas Guzzler Excise Tax (sec. 4064)

				the base of a	Tax per vehicle
Fue	l economy rating				Maria Para Para
	At least 22.5				0
	At least 21.5 but				\$1,000
	At least 20.5 but	less tha	an 21.5		1,300
	At least 19.5 but				1,700
	At least 18.5 but				2,100
2.7	At least 17.5 but				2,600
	At least 16.5 but				3,000
	At least 15.5 but				3,700
gall an	At least 14.5 but				4,500
	At least 13.5 but				5,400
	At least 12.5 but				6,400
	Less than 12.5				7.700

#### H. Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund Excise Tax (sec. 9505)

Tax on use of harbors (ports)

(sec. 4461) 0.125 percent of value of commercial cargo loaded or unloaded at U.S. ports; exceptions for cargo donated for overseas use and for cargo (other than cargo destined for a foreign country) shipped between U.S. mainland and Alaska (except for crude oil), Hawaii, and/or U.S. possessions, as well as cargo shipped between Alaska, Hawaii, and/or U.S. possessions.

#### I. Inland Waterways Trust Fund Excise Tax (sec. 9506)

Tax on diesel and other liquid fuels used by commercial cargo vessels on specified inland or intracoastal waterways (sec. 4042)\*

	••••				
1993		17	cents	per	gallon.
1994		19	cents	per	gallon.
1995 and there	eafter	20	cents	per	gallon.

<sup>\*</sup> See also E.2., "Taxes for Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund," for additional tax of 0.1 cent per gallon (0.05 cent per gallon for methanol and ethanol fuels) on such fuel, through 1995.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> The tax rate increased from 13 cents per gallon to 15 cents per gallon on January 1, 1992.

# J. Aquatic Resources Trust Fund Excise Taxes (sec. 9504)

#### 1. Boating Safety Account taxes:

Gasoline and special fuels used in motorboats (secs. 4081 and

4041(a)(2))\*.....14 cents per gallon through Sept. 30, 1995, and 11.5 cents per gallon for Oct. 1, 1995-Sept. 30, 1999; transfer of motorboat fuel tax receipts to the Account limited to \$70 million per year for fiscal year 1990 and thereafter.35

### 2. Sport Fish Restoration Account taxes:

Gasoline and special fuels used in motorboats (secs. 4081 and

4041(a)(2))\*...... 14 cents per gallon through Sept. 30, 1995, and 11.5 cents per gallon for Oct. 1, 1995-Sept. 30, 1999; the balance of motorboat fuel tax receipts in excess of the amounts indicated in J.1., above, and footnote 35 (sec. 9503(c)(4)(C)).

Gasoline used in smallengine outdoor power equipment (nonbusiness use) (secs. 4081 and

 $9503(c)(5))^*$ ...... 14 cents per gallon through Sept. 30, 1995, and 11.5 cents per gallon for Oct. 1, 1995-Sept. 30, 1999.36

Sport fishing equipment

(sec. 4161(a)) ...... 10 percent of manufacturer's price; except 3 percent for electric outboard motors and certain fish finders (tax on fish finders limited to \$30 per item).

\*See also E.2., "Taxes for Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund," for additional tax of 0.1 cent per gallon (0.05 cent per gallon for methanol and ethanol fuels) on such fuel, through 1995.

<sup>35</sup> Sec. 9503(c)(4)(A). Also, \$1 million per fiscal year of these motorboat fuel tax revenues goes to the Land and Water Conservation Fund (sec. 9503(c)(4)(B)). 36 Such revenues are transferred from the Highway Trust Fund, and are dedicated to carry out purposes of the Coastal Wetlands Planning, Protection and Restoration Act (as in effect on November 29, 1990) (sec. 9504(b)(2)(B)).

Tax (and Code section)

K. Bows and Arrows and Firearms Excise Taxes

Tax rates

AX.	1. Bows and arrows (sec.	9 112	ACISE TAX	<b>:5</b>	terine en e
	4161(b)) <sup>87</sup>	11	percent price.38	of	manufacturer's
	2. Regular firearms and ammunition (sec. 4181): <sup>37 39</sup>				
	Pistols and revolvers				
	Firearms other than pistols and revolvers	11 F	percent orice.		manufacturer's
	Ammunition (shells and cartridges)	11		e rakati sa k	manufacturer's
	3. "Non-regular" firearms: 40 Occupational taxes (sec. 5801): 41 Importers and man-	•			o and one of the control of the cont
	ufacturers	ъl,	uuu perij	year	per premise.42

Transfer taxes (sec. 5811):

Generally..... \$200 per transfer.

Dealers ...... \$500 per year per premise.

Certain concealable weapons (see sec. 5845(e)).

5845(e))...... \$5 per transfer.

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Making tax (sec. 5821)..... \$200 per firearm.

 $<sup>^{37}</sup>$  Revenues from these taxes (secs. 4161(b) and 4181) are appropriated, in the fiscal year following receipt, to the Federal Aid to Wildlife Program for support of State wildlife programs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> The tax is imposed on bows having a draw weight of 10 pounds or more.

<sup>39</sup> There are annual Federal licensing fees for manufacturers, importers and dealers in regular firearms under the Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923).

dealers in regular firearms under the Gun Control Act of 1968 (18 U.S.C. 923).

<sup>40</sup> Firearms not listed above in K.2., i.e., machine guns, "destructive devices" (e.g., explosive devices such as bombs, grenades, small rockets, mines, etc.), sawed-off shotguns or rifles, silencers, and certain concealable weapons.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> July 1-June 30 is the taxable year for the occupational taxes. There are also annual Federal licensing fees for manufacturers, importers and dealers in destructive devices or ammunition for destructive devices (18 U.S.C. 923).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Tax is \$500 per year per premise for a business with gross receipts of less than \$500,000 for a preceding taxable year.

L. Luxury Excise Taxes 43  1. Passenger vehicles (sec.	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(1-\alpha)^2}{(1-\alpha)^2} \frac{(2\alpha)^2}{(1-\alpha)^2} $
4001) 44	10 percent of retail price in excess of \$30,000.
2. Boats (sec. 4002) 45	10 percent of retail price in excess of \$100,000.
3. Aircraft (sec. 4003) 46	10 percent of retail price in excess of \$250,000.
4. Jewelry (sec. 4006) 47	10 percent of retail price in excess of \$10,000.
5. Furs (sec. 4007) 48	10 percent of retail price in excess of \$10,000.
M. Black Lung Disability Trust	
1. Coal excise tax (sec. 4121)	\$1.10 per ton for coal from underground mines and 55 cents per ton for coal from surface mines (but no more than 4.4 percent of the coal's selling price). 49
2. Excise taxes on black lung benefit trusts (secs. 4951, 4952, and 4953)	Varying rates on certain activities. (See "Penalty" excise taxes, P.4.c., below.)

<sup>48</sup> The tax generally applies only for the first retail sale of the item. Special rules apply in computing the tax on imported items, leases of items, and parts and accessories for passenger vehicles, boats, and aircraft. In addition, passenger vehicles, boats, and aircraft sold to the Federal Government or a State or local government for use exclusively in police, fire fighting, or similar activities, are generally exempt from tax.

<sup>44</sup> The tax applies generally to passenger vehicles of 6,000 pounds or less "unloaded gross vehicle weight" except that (a) "gross vehicle weight" applies for a truck or van and (b) the weight rule does not apply to limousines. The tax does not apply to a passenger vehicle sold for use exclusively in the active conduct of a trade or business of transporting persons or property for compensation or hire.

trade or business of transporting persons or property for compensation or hire.

45 The tax does not apply to any boat sold for use exclusively in the active conduct of (a) a trade or business of commercial fishing or transporting persons or property for compensation or hire, or (b) any other trade or business unless the boat is to be used predominantly in any activity which is of a type generally considered to constitute entertainment, amusement, or recreation.

<sup>46</sup> The tax does not apply to an aircraft if 80 percent or more of the use is in any trade or business. The tax also does not apply to an aircraft for use exclusively in (a) the aerial application of fertilizers or other substances, (b) helicopter operations described in section 4261(e) (1) or (2), (c) a trade or business of providing flight training, or (d) a trade or business of transporting persons or property for compensation or hire.

<sup>47</sup> Includes watches. The tax also applies to the manufacture of jewelry from the customer's material.

<sup>48</sup> The tax applies to (a) articles made of fur on the hide or pelt, and (b) articles of which fur is a major component.

<sup>49</sup> Tax does not apply to lignite. On the earlier of January 1, 2014, or any January 1 after 1981 on which there is no balance of repayable advances to the Trust Fund and no unpaid interest on such advance, the tax rates are scheduled to return to the pre-1982 rates (i.e., 50 cents/ton for underground mines, and 25 cents/ton for surface mines, limited to 2 percent of the price).

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# N. Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund Excise Tax (sec. 9510)

The Properties of American Commence of the Com	v accine	dose)
Excise tax on certain vac-	ing separat for a policy of the among separation of the separation	
cines (sec. 4131) 51	DPT 52	\$4.56
	DT 53	0.06
进入公安区 (1995年) (1995年) (1996年)	MMR 54	4.44
所是,全国 (17) [ [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]	Polio	0.29
Table of the Patrick of Section 2 to restrain the	the contract of the second	

#### O. Excise Tax on Private Foundation Net Investment Income

1. Domestic foundations (sec. 4940):	
General rule	
payout increases by equivalent amount	percent of net investment income.
2. Foreign foundations (sec. 4948)	percent of gross investment income from sources within

U.S.

50 Combinations of vaccines are taxed at the sum of the combined rates for each taxable vaccine.

taxable vaccine.

51 Tax is to be terminated after December 31, 1992, or earlier if tax collections exceed projected Trust Fund liability.

52 Diphtheria, Pertussis, and Tetanus (any vaccine containing pertussis bacteria, extracted or partial cell bacteria, or specific pertussis antigens).

53 Diphtheria or Tetanus (other than a DPT vaccine).

54 Measles, Mumps, or Rubella (vaccine against any one or combination of two or more of these).

55 Certain operating foundations having public involvement and not governed or run by disqualified persons are exempt from the 2-percent tax.

#### P. Miscellaneous Excise Taxes

1. Excise tax on foreign insurance policies (sec.

(b) Life insurance, sickness and accident policies, and annuity contracts.—1 cent per dollar premium paid.

(c) Reinsurance.—1 cent per premium paid for reinsurance

under (a) or (b).

#### 2. Wagering excise taxes:

Certain wagers (sec. 4401)... 2 percent of amount of wager, except that tax is 0.25 percent in States where wagering is authorized by State law.

Occupational tax (sec.

\$500 per year on person engaged or employed in business of accepting wagers (taxable period is July–June), except that tax is \$50 per year in States where wagering is authorized by State law.

3. Excise tax on ship passengers international departures (sec. 4471).....

<sup>56</sup> A "covered voyage" includes (1) a commercial passenger vessel which extends over one or more nights, or (2) a commercial vessel transporting passengers engaged in gambling aboard the vessel beyond the territorial waters of the U.S. (i.e., more than 3 miles from shore) during which the passengers embark or disembark the vessel in the U.S. The tax does not apply to a voyage on any vessel owned or operated by the United States or a State or any agency or subdivision, nor does it apply to a voyage of less than 12 hours between two U.S. ports. A passenger vessel is any vessel having a berth or stateroom accommodations for more than 16 passengers.

#### 4. "Penalty" excise taxes:

Lobbying expenditures:

Albin file of principles.

Public charities making an elec-

tion under sec. 501(h) (sec. 4911).... Tax of 25 percent of excess lobbying expenditures.

Charitable organizations disqualified from taxexempt status because of lobbying expenditures (sec. TO TO WORK WITH

4912)..... Tax of 5 percent of lobbying expenditures on the organization; 5-percent tax also on the manager.

b. Private foundation activities:

a complete the second of the second of the second

Self-dealing (sec.

4941)...... Initial tax.—5 percent of the amount of self-dealing on the self-dealer; 2½ percent on foundation manager (up to \$10,000).

> Additional tax.—If the self-dealing is not corrected within the correction period, there is a tax of 200 percent of the amount on the self-dealer; also, a tax of 50 percent on a foundation manager (up to \$10,000).

Failure to distribute income (sec.

4942)..... Initial tax.—15-percent tax on the foundation on the amount remaining undistributed at the beginning of the second (or succeeding) taxable year.

> Additional tax.—If not corrected, there is an additional tax of 100 percent of the amount not distributed at the end of the correction period.

Excess business holdings (sec.

4943)..... Initial tax.—5-percent tax on the foundation on the value of the excess holdings.

> Additional tax.—If not corrected, there is an additional tax of 200 percent of the excess holdings at the end of a specified period.

Investments which jeopardize charitable purpose

(sec. 4944)...... Initial taxes.—5-percent tax on the foundation on the amount of such investment; also a 5percent tax on the foundation manager (up to \$5,000).

> taxes.—25-percent Additionaltax on foundation if the investment is not removed from jeopardy within the correction period; also, a 5-percent tax is imposed on the foundation manager (up to \$10,000).

expendi-Taxable

tures (sec. 4945)..... Initial taxes.—10-percent tax on the foundation on the amount of the taxable expenditure; also, a 21/2-percent tax on the foundation manager (up to \$5,000).

> Additional taxes.—If not corrected, there is a tax of 100 percent on the foundation on the taxable expenditure; also, a tax of 50 percent on the foundation manager (up to \$10,000).

c. Black lung benefit trusts:

> Self-dealing (sec.

4951)..... Initial taxes.—10-percent tax on the self-dealer on the amount of self-dealing; 2½-percent tax on trustee.

> Additional taxes.—If not corrected, a tax of 100 percent is imposed on self-dealer; 50-percent tax on trustee.

Taxable expendi-

tures (sec. 4952)..... Initial taxes.—10-percent tax on the trust on the amount of the taxable expenditure; 2½-percent tax on trustee.

> Additional taxes-If not corrected, a tax of 100 percent is imposed on the fund; 50-percent tax on trustee.

Excess contributions to benefit

trust (sec. 4953) ..... 5-percent tax on the contributor on excess contributions to the trust.

d. Political expenditures of sec. 501(c)(3) organi-

zations (sec. 4955) ...... Initial taxes.—10-percent of political expenditure on the organization; 2½-percent tax on the manager.

> Additional taxes.—If not corrected, a tax of 100 percent of the political expenditure is imposed on the organization; 50percent tax on the manager.

Qualified pension, etc., plans:

> Failure to meet fundminimum ing standards

(sec. 4971)...... Initial tax.—Tax of 10 percent (5 percent in the case of a multiemployer plan) of accumulated funding deficiency is imposed on employer.

> Additional tax.—If not corrected, a tax of 100 percent of the deficiency is imposed on employer.

Nondeductible contributions qualified employ-

er plan (sec. 4972).. Tax of 10 percent on nondeductible contributions under the plan.

Excess contributions to IRAs, etc.

(sec. 4973)...... Tax of 6 percent of excess contributions to the plan is imposed on individual.

Certain accumulations in IRAs, etc.

(sec. 4974)...... 50-percent tax on payee of the amount by which the minimum required to be distributed during the year exceeds the amount actually distributed during the year.

Prohibited transac-

tion (sec. 4975)...... Initial tax.—Tax of 5 percent of the amount involved in the prohibited transaction is imposed on the disqualified person.

> Additional tax.—If not corrected, a tax of 100 percent of the amount involved is imposed on the disqualified person.

Disqualified welfare benefits (sec. 4976)....

4976)...... Tax of 100 percent of the disqualified benefit amount.

Excess fringe benefits provided by an employer (sec. 4977).....

4977)...... Tax of 30 percent of the "excess fringe benefits."

Dispositions of section 1042 securities by employee stock ownership plans and worker-owned cooperatives (sec. 4978).....

4978)..... Tax of 10 percent of the amount realized on disposition.

Dispositions of section 133 securities by employee stock ownership plans (sec. 4978B)...

plans (sec. 4978B)... Tax of 10 percent of the amount realized on the disposition.

Excess contributions under a cash or deferred arrangement (sec. 4979).....

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Prohibited allocations of qualified securities by emplovee stock ownership plans and worker-owned cooperatives

4979A)..... Tax of 50 percent of amount involved in a prohibited allocation.

Reversion of qualified plan assets to employer (sec.

4980)..... Tax of 20 percent of the amount of employer reversion from a qualified plan generally; 50 percent tax if employer does not maintain a qualified replacement plan or provide certain pro-rata benefit increases.

Excess distributions from qualified retirement plans

(sec. 4980A)..... Tax of 15 percent of excess distributions with respect to an individual during calendar year.

Violations of health care continuation

rules (sec. 4980B) ... Tax of \$100 per day, up to a specified maximum, per failure to comply with the health care continuation rules.

f. Real estate investment

trusts (sec. 4981)...... Tax of 4 percent of the excess of required distribution for calendar year over the distributed amount (i.e., on the undistributed income).

g. Regulated investment

trusts (sec. 4982)...... Tax of 4 percent of the excess of required distribution for calendar year over the distributed amount (i.e., on the undistributed income).

h. Excise tax on issuer of "registration-reof quired obligation" not in registered form (sec.

4701) ...... Tax of 1 percent of the principal amount of the "registrationrequired obligation" (defined in sec. 163(f) multiplied by the number of years (or portions) of the obligation.

i. Excise tax on "golden parachute" excess pay-

ments (sec. 4999) ...... Tax on the recipient of 20 percent of the "excess payment" (defined in sec. 280G(b)).

j. Excise tax on large group health plans

(sec. 5000)...... Tax of 25 percent of expenses of a "nonconforming large group health plan" (defined under sec. 1862(b)(4)(A)(i) of the Social Security Act).

k. Excise tax on "green-

mail" (sec. 5881)..... Tax of 50 percent of the gain realized from "greenmail" (any consideration transferred by a corporation to acquire its stock if (1) such stock has been held by the sharholder for less than 2 years, (2) the shareholder (or any related person or person acting in concert) made or threatened a public tender offer for stock during that period, and (3) such acquisition is pursuant to an offer which was not made on the same terms to all shareholders).

# III. FEDERAL EXCISE TAX RECEIPTS, FISCAL YEARS 1991–1993 <sup>1</sup>

[In millions of dollars]

[III IIIIIIIIII or donars]			
Tax	1991 actual	1992 esti- mate	1993 esti- mate
A A 3 - 1 - 1 / 10			
A. Alcohol Taxes Distilled spirits	3,877	3,923	3,871
Wines	551	692	687
Beer	3,028	3,713	3,732
Alcohol occupational taxes	118	125	128
Refunds (mostly distilled spirits)	-210	-234	-233
Total alcohol taxes	7,364	8,219	8,185
B. Tobacco Taxes			
Cigars	40	35	35
Cigarettes	4,641	4,837	5,289
Cigarette papers, tubes	2	2	2
Smokeless tobacco (snuff, chewing	_		
tobacco)	24	24	24
Pipe tobacco	8	8	8
Tobacco occupational tax	(*)	(*)	(*)
Refunds	-9	9	-9
Total tobacco taxes	4,706	4,897	5,349
C. Highway and Rail Taxes Highway Trust Fund taxes		*.	
Gasoline	11,735	12,454	12,218
Diesel fuel used on highways	3,614	3,661	3,830
Trucks and trailers	1,047	1,087	1,320
Tires for highway vehicles	357	277	318
Highway vehicle use tax	575	598	619
Refunds (mostly fuels taxes)	-349	-690	-593
Total Highway Trust Fund	16,979	17,387	17,712
=	10,010	11,001	
National Recreational Trails Trust			
Fund Taxes			
Nonhighway recreational fuels			15
General Fund motor fuels taxes <sup>2</sup>	4.040	0.000	0.007
Gasoline	1,919	2,603	2,637
Highway diesel fuel	209	528	551
Rail diesel fuel		84	85 00
Refunds		-109	<u>-90</u>
Total General Fund motor	2,193	3,106	3,183

# III. FEDERAL EXCISE TAX RECEIPTS, FISCAL YEARS 1991–1993 <sup>1</sup>—Continued

[In millions of dollars]

Tax	1991 actual	1992 esti- mate	1993 esti- mate
D. Airport and Airway Taxes		raði Medil	
Airport and Airway Trust Fund		A STATE	* 55.
taxes		e 1978) e Sassasia Albuministra	Santai in ee e Gaaran ee e
Air passenger ticket tax <sup>3</sup>	. 4,341	4,567	4,971
International departure tax		260	280
	. 222	237	254
Aviation fuels taxes (net of refunds)	. 130	129	163
A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O	. 100	123	100
Total Airport/Airway Trust Fund taxes	. 4,910	5,193	5,668
General Fund aviation taxes <sup>2</sup>	into tienta	987 83 Sec. 1888	tisa ( <b></b>
Aviation fuels taxes (net of re-			1
funds)	. 26	26	,
The state of the state of the company of the state of the		grante en la constitución de la	
E. Environmental Excise Taxes	certain de deser	fi kand	Živeti Albei
Excise taxes for Hazardous Sub-	010	on well and the con-	001
stance Superfund Fuels taxes for Leaking Under-	. 810	825	831
ground Storage Tank Trust Fund	. 123	145	147
Tax for Oil Spill Liability Trust	. 120	ITU	171
Fund	. 254	283	285
Tax on ozone-depleting chemicals	. 562	662	905
Total environmental excise taxes	1,749	1,915	2,168
F. Communications (Telephone) Tax	3,094	3,028	3,227
G. Gas Guzzler Tax	102	118	125
H. Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund Tax 4	432	505	578
I. Inland Waterways Trust Fund Tax	60	70	83
I. Aquatic Resources Trust Fund Taxes			
Boat motor fuel tax	148	151	157
Sport fishing equipment tax	71	77	78
Tax on gasoline used in small engines 5	41	50	50
Total Aquatic Trust Fund taxes	260	278	285

# III. FEDERAL EXCISE TAX RECEIPTS, FISCAL YEARS 1991-1993 1-Continued

[In millions of dollars]

Tax	1991 actual	1992 esti- mate	1993 esti- mate
K. Bows and Arrows and Firearms Taxes			
Bows and arrows	15	15	16
Pistols and revolvers	46	41	43
Firearms (regular), shells, cartridges Other ("nonregular" firearms, occu-	100	93	93
pational)	(*)	(*)	(*)
Total bows and arrows, fire- arms taxes	161	149	152
L. Luxury Excise Taxes	159	287	358
M. Black Lung Disability Trust Fund			
Taxes Coal excise tax	652	627	655
Taxes on black lung benefit trusts	(*)	(*)	(*)
Total Black Lung Trust Fund	652	627	655
N. Vaccine Injury Compensation Trust Fund Tax 6	81	120	121
O. Tax on Private Foundation Net Investment Income	217	228	240
P. Miscellaneous Excise Taxes Foreign insurance policies	98	100	105
Wagering taxes (incl. occupational tax)	10	10	10
departures	13	14	14
Employee benefit and pension plans	184	184	195
Total misc. excise taxes	305	308	324
Addendum: Other Refunds and Unapplied	(614)	151	213
Total Federal Excise Taxes 6	42,836	46,612	<del></del>
	18,275	21,179	22,269
General Fund Excises	10,210	MISTON	

<sup>\*</sup>Less than \$500,000.

¹ This revenue table generally follows the order for excise tax categories as in Part II of this pamphlet.

<sup>2</sup> General Fund portion of the respective motor fuels tax revenues as provided in the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990 ("1990 Act"), effective beginning on

December 1, 1990.

<sup>3</sup> The conference agreement on the 1990 Act stated that the revenues from the increase in the air passenger ticket tax from 8% to 10% and the domestic air cargo tax from 5% to 6.25% would go into the General Fund through 1992. However, due to a technical statutory drafting omission, this was not accomplished. Thus, the budget document reports these revenues all as Trust Fund receipts.

<sup>4</sup> The harbor maintenance excise tax is classified as a Customs trust fund receipt

in the fiscal year 1993 budget.

<sup>5</sup> Tax revenues transferred from the Highway Trust Fund to the Aquatic Resources Trust Fund (Sport Fish Restoration Account, to be available for wetlands environmental program).

<sup>6</sup> Under present law, the excise tax on vaccines is scheduled to expire after December 31, 1992. The estimate for fiscal years 1992 and 1993 assume an extension of the current tax rates. (Trust Fund excise tax extensions are assumed in the budget estimating baseline.)

<sup>7</sup> Totals include the Harbor Maintenance Trust Fund excise tax revenues; see also

footnote 4 above.

Source: Budget of the United States Government for Fiscal Year 1993; Treasury Department.

#### APPENDIX

# Table 1.—Excise Tax Rates on Certain Chemicals for the Hazardous Substance Superfund <sup>1</sup>

Feedstock Chemical (Sec. 4661)	
Acetylene	Ф 4 О.Г
Acetylene	\$4.87 4.87
Benzene	
Butane	4.01
Butylene	4.87
Butadiene	4.87
Ethylene	
Methane	
Napthalene	4.87
Propylene	4.87
Toluene	4.87
Xylene <sup>2</sup>	4.87
Ammonia	2.64
Antimony	
Antimony trioxide	3.75
Arsonic	
ArsenicArsenic trioxide	3.41
Barium sulfide	2.30
Bromine	
Cadmium	
Chlorine	
Chromium	
Chromite	
Potassium dichromate	
Sodium dichromate	1.87
CobaltCupric sulfate	4.45
Cupric sulfate	1.87
Cupric oxide	3.55
Cuprous oxide	3.97
Hydrochloric acid	0.29
Hydrogen fluoride	4.23
Lead oxide	4.14
Mercury	4.45
Nickel	4.45
Phosphorus	4.45
Stannous chloride	2.88
Stannic chloride	
Zinc chloride	
Zinc sulfate	

# Table 1.—Excise Tax Rates on Certain Chemicals for the Hazardous Substance Superfund 1—Continued

Feedstock Chemical (Sec. 4661) Tax p	
Potassium hydroxide	
Sodium hydroxide	0.28
Sulfuric acid	0.24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The tax on feedstock chemicals is scheduled to expire December 31, 1995, or earlier if (1) the Superfund unobligated balance exceeds \$3,500 million at the end of 1993 or 1994, and if the unobligated balance is estimated to exceed this amount at the end of the following year if no Superfund taxes were to be imposed during such year, or (2) when total Superfund tax revenues exceed \$11,970 million (including the sec. 59A tax revenues).

<sup>2</sup> For periods before 1992, the tax rate for xylene was \$10.13.

Table 2.—List of Taxable Substances Subject to the Excise Tax on Certain Imported Substances (Secs. 4671–4672)

Taxable Substance 1

Taxable Substance 1

# Initial Items Listed

Cumene Styrene Ammonium nitrate Nickel oxide Isopropyl alcohol Ethylene glycol Vinyl chloride Polyethylene resins, total Polybutadiene Styrene-butadiene, latex Styrene-butadiene, snpf Synthetic rubber, not containing fillers Urea Ferronickel Ferrochromium nov 3 pct. Ferrochrome ov 3 pct. carbon Unwrought nickel Nickel waste and scrap Wrought nickel rods and wire Nickel powders Phenolic resins Polyvinylchloride resins Polystyrene resins and copolymers Ethyl alcohol for nonbeverage use

Ethylbenzene Methylene chloride Polypropylene Propylene glycol Formaldehyde Acetone Acrylonitrile Methanol Propylene oxide Polypropylene resins Ethylene oxide Ethylene dichloride Cyclohexane Isophthalic acid Maleic anhydride Phthalic anhydride Ethyl methyl ketone Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride Chromic acid Hydrogen peroxide Polystyrene homopolymer resins Melamine Acrylic and methacrylic acid resins Vinyl resins Vinyl resins, nspf

Table 2.—List of Taxable Substances Subject to the Excise Tax on Certain Imported Substances (Secs. 4671–4672)—Continued

Taxable Substance 1

Taxable Substance 1

#### Additional Items Listed

2-ethyl hexanol
2-ethythexyl acrylate
Alpha-methylstyrene
Bisphenol-A
Butyl acrylate
Decarbromodiphenyl oxide
Ethyl acrylate
Ethyl dibromide
Isobutyl acetate
Isopropyl acetate
Linear alpha olefins

Methyl acrylate
Methyl chloroform
Methyl iobutyl ketone
Normal butyl acetate
Normal propyl acetate
Perchloroethylene
Polyethylene terephthalate
pellets
Tetrabromoblaphenol-A

Tetrabromoblaphenol-A Trichloroethylene Vinyl acetate

<sup>1</sup> For applicable tax, see II. E. 1, and relevant chemical feedstock tax rates in Table 1. Imported taxable substances generally are taxed at the rate applicable to the chemical feedstocks that are components of the taxable imported substance. The Secretary of the Treasury is required to add any substance to the list if the Secretary determines that taxable chemicals constitute more than 50 percent of the weight or value of the materials used to produce such substance (determined on the basis of the predominant method of production); the Secretary may remove only those substances which meet neither test.